## Exercises 9 Exponential function and equations Compound interest, exponential function

## Objectives

- be able to calculate the future capital that is invested at an interest rate which is compounded annually.
- be able to treat compound interest tasks.
- be able to graph an exponential function out of its equation.
- be able to determine the equation of an exponential function out of the coordinates of two points of the graph.
- be able to treat applied tasks by means of an exponential function.


## Problems

9.1 Compound interest at an annual rate r is paid on an initial capital $\mathrm{C}_{0}$.
a) Assume an initial capital $\mathrm{C}_{0}=1000.00 \mathrm{CHF}$, and an annual interest rate $\mathrm{r}=2 \%$. Determine the capital after one, two, three, four, and five years' time.
b) Try to develop a formula which allows you to calculate the capital $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}$ after n years' time for any values of $\mathrm{C}_{0}, \mathrm{r}$, and n .
c) Solve the formula that you have developed in b) for $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ and r .
9.2 What is the future capital if 8000 CHF are invested for 10 years at $12 \%$ compounded annually?
9.3 What present value amounts to $10^{\prime} 000$ CHF if it is invested for 10 years at $6 \%$ compounded annually?
9.4 At what interest rate, compounded annually, would $10^{\prime} 000$ CHF have to be invested to amount to $14^{\prime} 000$ CHF in 7 years?
9.5 Ms Smith wants to invest $150^{\prime} 000$ CHF for five years. Bank A offers an interest rate of $6.5 \%$ compounded annually. Bank B offers to pay 200'000 CHF after five years. Which bank makes the better offer?
9.6 The purchase of Alaska cost the United States $\$ 7$ million in 1869. If this money had been placed in a savings account paying $2 \%$ compounded annually, how much money would be available from this investment in 2025 ?
9.7 Mary Stahley invested 2500 CHF in a 36-month certificate of deposit (CD) that earned $8.5 \%$ annual simple interest. When the CD matured, she invested the full amount in a mutual fund that had an annual growth equivalent to $18 \%$ compounded annually. How much was the mutual fund worth 9 years later?
9.8 A capital is invested for 4 years at $4 \%$ and for 3 more years at $6 \%$, compounded annually. Eventually, the capital amounts to $72^{\prime} 000 \mathrm{CHF}$.
a) Determine the initial capital.
b) What is the average interest rate with respect to the whole period of time?
9.9 An unknown initial capital is invested at an unknown interest rate, compounded annually. After 2 years, the capital amounts to $5^{\prime} 891.74 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded), and after another 5 years the capital is 6'997.54 CHF (rounded). Determine both initial capital (rounded to 100 CHF ) and interest rate (rounded to $0.1 \%$ ).
9.10 Look at the following exponential function:

$$
\begin{aligned}
f: \mathbb{R} & \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
\mathrm{x} & \mapsto \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=2^{\mathrm{x}}
\end{aligned}
$$

a) Establish a table of values of f for the interval $-3 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 3$.
b) Draw the graph of f in the interval $-3 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 3$ into a Cartesian coordinate system.
9.11 Graph the following exponential functions into one coordinate system:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{f}_{1}: & \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
& \mathrm{x} \mapsto \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}_{1}(\mathrm{x})=2^{\mathrm{x}} \\
\mathrm{f}_{2}: & \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
\mathrm{x} & \mapsto \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}_{2}(\mathrm{x})=0.2^{\mathrm{x}} \\
\mathrm{f}_{3}: & \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
\mathrm{x} & \mapsto \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}_{3}(\mathrm{x})=3 \cdot 0.5^{\mathrm{x}} \\
\mathrm{f}_{4}: & \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\
& \mathrm{x}
\end{aligned}
$$

9.12 Look at the graphs of the exponential functions $f_{1}, f_{2}, f_{3}$, and $f_{4}$ :


Determine the equations of the four functions, i.e. $y=f(x)=\ldots$
9.13 The graph of an exponential function contains the points P and Q . Determine the equation of the exponential function.
a) $\quad \mathrm{P}(1 \mid 12)$
$\mathrm{Q}(3 \mid 192)$
b) $\quad \mathrm{P}(0 \mid 1.02) \quad \mathrm{Q}(1 \mid 1.0302)$
c) $\quad \mathrm{P}\left(0 \mid 10^{\prime} 000\right)$
Q(5|777.6)
d) $\quad \mathrm{P}(5 \mid 16)$
$\mathrm{Q}\left(9 \left\lvert\, \frac{1}{16}\right.\right)$
9.14 A flat that 20 years ago was worth $160^{\prime} 000$ CHF has increased in value by $4 \%$ each year due to the market situation. What is the flat worth today?
9.15 Suppose a country has a population of 20 million and projects a growth rate of $2 \%$ per year for the next 20 years. What will the population of this country be in 10 years?
9.16 A machine is valued at $10^{\prime} 000$ CHF. The depreciation at the end of each year is $20 \%$ of its value at the beginning of the year. Find its value at the end of 4 years.
9.17 The size of a certain bacteria culture grows exponentially. At 8 a.m. and 11 a.m. the number of bacteria was $2^{\prime} 300$ and $1^{\prime} 400$, respectively. Determine the number of bacteria at 1.30 p.m.
9.18 A capital pays interest, compounded annually. What is the interest rate such that the capital doubles in 20 years?
9.19 Decide which statements are true or false. Put a mark into the corresponding box. In each problem a) to c), exactly one statement is true.
a) In a compound interest scheme ...
... the graph that represents the growth of the capital is a parabola.
... the interest paid at the end of each period only depends on the interest rate.
... the interest rate depends on the capital of the previous period.
... the capital grows exponentially.
b) The graph of an exponential function ...

... is a parabola.
... is a hyperbola.
... never intersects the y-axis.
... never touches the x -axis.
c) If a quantity grows exponentially in time ..
... the growth factor itself grows.
... the growth factor depends on the initial value.
... the quantity doubles in one year if the annual growth factor is $100 \%$.
... the quantity doubles in constant time intervals.

## Answers

9.1
a)
$\mathrm{C}_{0}=1000.00 \mathrm{CHF}$
$\mathrm{C}_{3}=1061.21 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)
$\mathrm{C}_{1}=1020.00 \mathrm{CHF}$
$\mathrm{C}_{4}=1082.43 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)
$\mathrm{C}_{2}=1040.40 \mathrm{CHF}$
$\mathrm{C}_{5}=1104.08 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)
b) $\quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{C}_{0}(1+\mathrm{r})^{\mathrm{n}}$
c) see formulary
9.2
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{C}_{0}(1+\mathrm{r})^{\mathrm{n}}$
where $\mathrm{C}_{0}=8000 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{r}=12 \%, \mathrm{n}=10$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{10}=24$ '846.79 CHF (rounded)
$9.3 \quad \mathrm{C}_{0}=\frac{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}}{(1+\mathrm{r})^{\mathrm{n}}}$
where $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=10^{\prime} 000 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{r}=6 \%, \mathrm{n}=10$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{0}=5^{\prime} 583.95 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)
$9.4 \quad \mathrm{r}=\sqrt[n]{\frac{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}}{\mathrm{C}_{0}}}-1$
where $\mathrm{C}_{0}=10^{\prime} 000 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=14^{\prime} 000 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{n}=7$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{r}=4.9 \%$ (rounded)
9.5 Bank A: $\mathrm{C}_{5}=2051513.00 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)

Bank B: $\mathrm{C}_{5}=200^{\prime} 000.00 \mathrm{CHF}$
$9.6 \quad \mathrm{C}_{156}=\$ 154$ million (rounded to millions)
9.7 13'916.24 CHF

2 periods: 3 years of simple interest, 9 years of compound interest

- 3 years of simple interest:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{C}_{0}(1+\mathrm{nr}) & \text { where } \mathrm{C}_{0}=2500 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{r}=8.5 \%, \mathrm{n}=3 \\
\Rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{3}=3137.50 \mathrm{CHF} &
\end{array}
$$

-9 years of compound interest:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{C}_{0}(1+\mathrm{r})^{\mathrm{n}} \quad \text { where } \mathrm{C}_{0}=\ldots\left(=\mathrm{C}_{3} \text { after first } 3 \text { years), } \mathrm{r}=18 \%, \mathrm{n}=9\right. \\
& \Rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{9}=13^{\prime} 916.24 \text { CHF (rounded) }
\end{aligned}
$$

9.8 a) $\mathrm{C}_{0}=51^{\prime} 675 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)

Hints:

- First, look at the second period (3 years, starting after 4 years from now), and calculate the capital at the beginning of this second period.
- Then, calculate the initial capital.
b) $\quad \mathrm{r}=4.85 \%$ (rounded)

Hint:

- The average interest rate r must be such that $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{C}_{0}(1+\mathrm{r})^{\mathrm{n}} \quad$ where $\mathrm{C}_{0}=$ initial capital, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{n}}=$ capital after the whole 7 years, $\mathrm{n}=7$
9.9 (see next page)
$9.9 \mathrm{r}=3.5 \%, \mathrm{C}_{0}=5$ '500.00 CHF
Hints:
- First, look at the second period of 5 years, where $\mathrm{C}_{0}=5$ '891.74 CHF and $\mathrm{C}_{5}=6^{\prime} 997.54$ CHF .
- The 5 '891.74 CHF can be considered as the capital $C_{2}$ at the end of the first 2 years if $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ is the initial capital at the beginning of the whole 7 years.
9.10
9.11

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
y=f_{1}(x)=10 \cdot 2^{x} & (c=10, a=2) \\
y=f_{2}(x)=20 \cdot 0.25^{x} & (c=20, a=0.25) \\
y=f_{3}(x)=30 \cdot 1.5^{x} & (c=30, a=1.5) \\
y=f_{4}(x)=40 \cdot 0.75^{x} & (c=40, a=0.75)
\end{array}
$$

9.13 a) $y=f(x)=3 \cdot 4^{x}$

Hints:

- The equation of an exponential function is $y=f(x)=c \cdot a^{x}$
- If $\mathrm{P}(1 \mid 12)$ and $\mathrm{Q}(3 \mid 192)$ are points of the graph of the exponential function, their coordinates
must fulfil the equation of the exponential function, i.e. $12=f(1)=c \cdot a^{1}$ and $192=f(3)=c \cdot a^{3}$
- Solve the two equations for c and a .
b) $\quad y=f(x)=1.02 \cdot 1.01^{x}$
c) $y=f(x)=10^{\prime} 000 \cdot 0.6^{x}$
d) $\quad y=f(x)=16^{\prime} 384 \cdot 0.25^{x}$
9.14 $350 ' 580 \mathrm{CHF}$ (rounded)

Hint:

- The relation between time $t(t=$ number of years elapsed since 20 years ago $)$ and the value $V$ of the house is an exponential function:
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{V}_{0} \cdot \mathrm{a}^{\mathrm{t}}$
where $\mathrm{V}=$ value at time $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{V}_{0}=$ initial value $($ at $\mathrm{t}=0)=160^{\prime} 000 \mathrm{CHF}, \mathrm{a}=$ growth factor $=1+4 \%=1.04$
$9.15 \quad 24.4$ million (rounded)
9.16 4'096 CHF
$9.17104{ }^{\prime} 086$ (rounded)
$9.18 r=\sqrt[20]{2}-1=3.5 \%$ (rounded)
$9.19 \quad$ a) $\quad 4^{\text {th }}$ statement
b) $\quad 4^{\text {th }}$ statement
c) $\quad 4^{\text {th }}$ statement

