## Exercises 11 Exponential function and equations Compound interest, nominal/effective annual interest rate

## **Objectives**

- be able to calculate the future capital that is invested at an interest rate which is compounded more than once per year.
- know and understand the terms "nominal annual interest rate" and "effective annual interest rate".
- be able to treat specific compound interest tasks.

## **Problems**

- An initial capital  $C_0 = 1000$  CHF is invested at a nominal annual interest rate r = 10%, compounded ...
  - a) ... quarterly.
    - i) Determine the capitals  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ , and  $C_3$ , after one, two, and three years respectively.
    - ii) Determine the effective annual interest rate r\*.
  - b) ... monthly.
    - i) Determine the capitals  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ , and  $C_3$ , after one, two, and three years respectively.
    - ii) Determine the effective annual interest rate r\*.
- 11.2 Determine the effective annual interest rate for a nominal annual interest rate of 6%, compounded ...
  - a) ... annually.
  - b) ... semiannually.
  - c) ... quarterly.
  - d) ... monthly.
  - e) ... daily (1 year = 360 days).
- 11.3 What is the future value if 3200 CHF is invested for 5 years at 8% compounded quarterly?
- 11.4 Find the interest that will be earned if 10'000 CHF is invested for 3 years at 9% compounded monthly.
- What amount of money do parents need to deposit in an account earning 10%, compounded monthly, so that it will grow to 40'000 CHF for their son's college tuition in 18 years?
- 11.6 An initial capital of 1000 CHF amounts to 1500 CHF if it is invested for 10 years at an unknown annual interest rate, compounded quarterly.

Determine the ...

- a) ... nominal annual interest rate.
- b) ... effective annual interest rate.
- How long (in months) would a capital have to be invested at 6%, compounded monthly, to double its value?

11.8	Ms P. wants to invest 100'000 CHF. Her bank makes two offers:			
		A	effective annual interest rate of 8.5%	
		В	nominal annual interest rate of 8%, compounded monthly	
	Which offer is better, offer A or offer B?			
11.9	How long (in years) would 1000 CHF have to be invested at 2.5%, compounded daily, to earn 250 CHF interest?			
11.10	At what nominal rate, compounded quarterly, would 20'000 CHF have to be invested to amount to 26'425.82 CHF in 7 years?			
11.11	A couple needs 15'000 CHF as a down payment for a home. If they invest the 10'000 CHF they have at 8% compounded quarterly, how long will it take for the money to grow into 15'000 CHF?			
11.12	Decide which statements are true or false. Put a mark into the corresponding box. In each problem a) to c), exactly one statement is true.			
	a)	The nominal interest rate		
			is generally higher than the effective interest rate is equal to the effective interest rate if interest is compounded annually is half as much as the effective interest rate if interest is compounded semiannually depends on the compounding period.	
	b)	In a compound interest scheme where interest is compounded m $(m > 1)$ times per year		
			the growth factor is m times as high as if interest is compounded only once per year.  the annual interest rate is m times lower than if interest is compounded only once per year.  the capital grows faster than if interest is compounded only once per year.  the capital grows more slowly than if interest is compounded only once per year.	
	c)		If an initial capital of 1000 CHF grows to 1100 CHF in one year and interest is compounded semiannually	
			the effective interest rate is less than 10%.  the effective interest rate is greater than 10%.  the nominal interest rate is less than 10%.  the nominal interest rate is greater than 10%.	

## **Answers**

11.1 a) i) 
$$C_n = C_0 \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mn}$$

$$C_1 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 1} \text{ CHF} = 1103.81 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$

$$C_2 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 2} \text{ CHF} = 1218.40 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$

$$C_3 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 3} \text{ CHF} = 1344.89 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$
ii)  $r^* = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1 = \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{4}\right)^4 - 1 = 0.1038 = 10.38\% \text{ (rounded)}$ 
b) i)  $C_n = C_0 \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mn}$ 

$$C_1 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 1} \text{ CHF} = 1104.71 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$

$$C_2 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 2} \text{ CHF} = 1220.39 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$

$$C_3 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 3} \text{ CHF} = 1348.18 \text{ CHF (rounded)}$$

ii) 
$$r^* = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1 = \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12} - 1 = 0.1047 = 10.47\%$$
 (rounded)

11.2 
$$r^* = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1$$
  $r = 6\% = 0.06$   
a)  $m = 1$   $r^* = 6\%$   
b)  $m = 2$   $r^* = 6.09\%$   
c)  $m = 4$   $r^* = 6.136\%$  (rounded)  
d)  $m = 12$   $r^* = 6.168\%$  (rounded)  
e)  $m = 360$   $r^* = 6.183\%$  (rounded)

11.3 
$$C_n = C_0 \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mn}$$
 where  $C_0 = 3200$  CHF,  $r = 8\%$ ,  $m = 4$ ,  $n = 5$ 

$$\Rightarrow C_5 = 4755.03$$
 CHF (rounded)

$$\begin{split} 11.4 & \quad & \text{Interest} = C_n - C_0 \\ & \quad & C_n = C_0 \left( 1 + \frac{r}{m} \right)^{mn} \\ & \quad & \Rightarrow C_n - C_0 = 3086.45 \text{ CHF (rounded)} \end{split}$$

11.5 
$$C_0 = \frac{C_n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mn}}$$
 where  $C_n = 40'000$  CHF,  $r = 10\%$ ,  $m = 12$ ,  $n = 18$ 

$$\Rightarrow C_0 = 6661.46$$
 CHF (rounded)

11.6 a) 
$$r = m \left( \frac{mn}{C_0} - 1 \right)$$
 where  $C_0 = 1000$  CHF,  $C_n = 1500$  CHF,  $m = 4$ ,  $n = 10$ 

$$\Rightarrow r = 4.08\% \text{ (rounded)}$$
b)  $r^* = \left( 1 + \frac{r}{m} \right)^m - 1$ 

$$\Rightarrow r^* = 4.14\% \text{ (rounded)}$$

Tourism, Mathematics, T. Borer

$$11.7 \qquad n = \frac{\log_a\left(\frac{C_n}{C_0}\right)}{m \cdot \log_a\left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)} \qquad \text{ where } \frac{C_n}{C_0} = 2, \, r = 6\%, \, m = 12, \, a := 10 \, (any \, a \in \mathbb{R}^{+} \setminus \{1\} \, would \, be \, possible)$$
 
$$\Rightarrow n = 11.58...$$
 
$$\Rightarrow mn = 138.98... \, \rightarrow \, 139 \, months = 11 \, years \, 7 \, months$$

11.8 A 
$$r^*(A) = 8.5\%$$

B  $r^*(B) = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1$  where  $r = 8\%$ ,  $m = 12$ 

$$\Rightarrow r^*(B) = 8.3\%$$

$$\Rightarrow r^*(A) > r^*(B)$$
, i.e. offer A is better than offer B

$$11.9 \qquad n = \frac{\log_a\!\left(\frac{C_n}{C_0}\right)}{m \cdot \log_a\!\left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)} \qquad \text{where } C_0 = 1000 \text{ CHF, } C_n = 1250 \text{ CHF, } r = 2.5\%, \, m = 360, \, a := 10 \\ \Rightarrow \quad n = 8.92... \, \rightarrow \, 9 \text{ years}$$

11.10 
$$r = m \left( \frac{mn}{\sqrt{C_0}} - 1 \right)$$
 where  $C_0 = 20'000$  CHF,  $C_n = 26'425.82$  CHF,  $m = 4$ ,  $n = 7$   $\Rightarrow r = 4\%$ 

- 11.12 a) 2<sup>nd</sup> statement
  - b) 3<sup>rd</sup> statement
  - c) 3<sup>rd</sup> statement