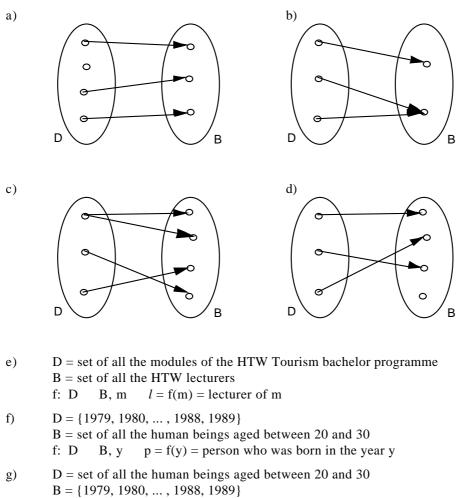
Exercises 3 Function Domain, codomain, range, graph

Objectives

- understand what a function is.
- be able to judge whether a given relation is a function.
- be able to determine the range of a given function.
- be able to determine values of a given function.

Problems

3.1 Which of the following relations are functions? Explain your answer.



f: D B, p y = f(p) = year of birth of person p

- h) f: R R, x y = f(x) = x²
- i) f: \mathbf{R}^+ R, x y = f(x) = number the square of which is x
- j) f: \mathbf{R} \mathbf{R} , t b = f(t) = bank account balance at time t

- 3.2 Determine the range E of the functions below:
 - a) $D = \{January, February, March, ..., December\}$ $B = \{A, B, C, ..., Z\}$ f: D B, m l = f(m) = initial letter of m
 - b) D = set of all the neighbouring countries of Switzerland
 B = set of all the European cities
 c: D B, x y = c(x) = capital of neighbouring country x
 - c) function f in problem 3.1 g)
 - d) function f in problem 3.1 h)

3.3 a) f: **R** R, x $f(x) = x^{3}-x$

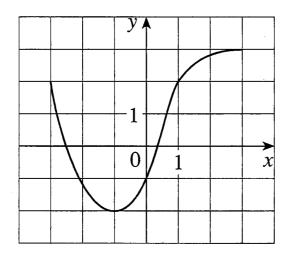
b)

Determine the following values:

| i) ii) iii) iv) | f(0) f(1) f(a) f(x- |) | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------------------|
| g: R ∖ | | R, x | g(x) = | $=\frac{x^2}{x+1}$ |
| Deter | mine t | he follo | | |

i) g(0)

- ii) g(1)
- iii) g(a)
- iv) g(x+a)
- 3.4 The graph of a function f ist given as follows:



- a) State the value of f(-1).
- b) Estimate the value of f(2).
- c) For what values of x is f(x) = 2?
- d) Estimate the values of x such that f(x) = 0.
- e) State the domain D of f.
- f) State the range E of f.

Answers

| 3.1 | a) | no function | | |
|-----|----|---|--|--|
| | b) | function | | |
| | c) | no function | | |
| | d) | function | | |
| | e) | no function | | |
| | f) | no function | | |
| | g) | function | | |
| | h) | function | | |
| | i) | no function | | |
| | j) | function | | |
| | | | | |
| 3.2 | a) | $E = \{A, D, F, J, M, N, O, S\}$ | | |
| | b) | E = {Berlin, Vienna, Vaduz, Rome, Paris} | | |
| | c) | $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{B}$ | | |
| | d) | $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{R}_0^+$ | | |
| | | | | |
| 3.3 | a) | i) $f(0) = 0^3 - 0 = 0$ | | |
| | | ii) $f(1) = 1^{3} - 1 = 0$ iii) $f(a) = a^{3} - a$ | | |
| | | iii) $f(a) = a^3 - a$ iv) $f(x+a) = (x+a)^3 - (x+a)$ | | |
| | | | | |
| | b) | i) $g(0) = \frac{0^2}{0+1} = 0$ | | |
| | | ii) $g(1) = \frac{1^2}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2}$ | | |

| ii) | $g(1) = \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{1}{2}$ |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| iii) | $g(a) = \frac{a^2}{a+1}$ |
| iv) | $g(x+a) = \frac{(x+a)^2}{x+a+1}$ |

| 3.4 | a) | f(-1) = -2 |
|-----|----|--|
| | b) | f(2) 2.8 |
| | c) | $x_1 = -3, x_2 = 1$ |
| | d) | x ₁ -2.5, x ₂ 0.3 |
| | e) | $D = \{x \ R \mid -3 \ x \ 3\} = [-3,3]$ |

f)
$$E = \{y \ R \mid -2 \ y \ 3\} = [-2,3]$$