## Exercise 11 Exponential function and equations Compound interest, nominal/effective annual interest rate

## Objectives

- be able to calculate the future capital that is invested at an interest rate which is compounded more than once per year.
- know and understand the terms "nominal annual interest rate" and "effective annual interest rate".
- be able to treat specific compound interest tasks.

## Problems

- 1. An initial capital  $C_0 = 1000$  CHF is invested at a nominal annual interest rate r = 10%, compounded monthly.
  - a) Determine the capitals  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ , and  $C_3$ , after one, two, and three years respectively.
  - b) Determine the effective annual interest rate r\*.
- 2. Determine the effective annual interest rate for a nominal annual interest rate of 6%, compounded ...
  - a) ... annually.
  - b) ... semiannually.
  - c) ... quarterly.
  - d) ... monthly.
  - e) ... daily (1 year = 360 days).
- 3. What is the future value if \$3200 is invested for 5 years at 8% compounded quarterly?
- 4. Find the interest that will be earned if \$10'000 is invested for 3 years at 9% compounded monthly.
- 5. What amount of money do parents need to deposit in an account earning 10%, compounded monthly, so that it will grow to \$40'000 for their son's college tuition in 18 years?
- 6. An initial capital of 1000 CHF amounts to 1500 CHF if it is invested for 10 years at an unknown annual interest rate, compounded quarterly.

Determine the ...

- a) ... nominal annual interest rate.
- b) ... effective annual interest rate.
- 7. How long (in months) would a capital have to be invested at 6%, compounded monthly, to double its value?

- 8. Ms P. wants to invest 100'000 CHF. Her bank makes two offers:
  - A effective annual interest rate of 8.5%
  - B nominal annual interest rate of 8%, compounded monthly

Which offer is better, offer A or offer B?

- 9. How long (in years) would 1000 CHF have to be invested at 2.5%, compounded daily, to earn 250 CHF interest?
- 10. At what nominal rate, compounded quarterly, would \$20'000 have to be invested to amount to \$26'425.82 in 7 years?
- 11. A couple needs \$15'000 as a down payment for a home. If they invest the \$10'000 they have at 8% compounded quarterly, how long will it take for the money to grow into \$15'000?

## Answers

1. a) 
$$C_n = C_0 \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^{mn}$$
  
 $C_1 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 1}$  CHF = 1104.71 CHF (rounded)  
 $C_2 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 2}$  CHF = 1220.39 CHF  
 $C_3 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 3}$  CHF = 1348.18 CHF  
b)  $r^* = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1 = \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{12}\right)^{12} - 1 = 0.1047 = 10.47\%$  (rounded)

2. 
$$r^* = \left(1 + \frac{r}{m}\right)^m - 1$$
  $r = 6\% = 0.06$   
a)  $m = 1$   $r^* = 6\%$   
b)  $m = 2$   $r^* = 6.09\%$   
c)  $m = 4$   $r^* = 6.136\%$  (rounded)  
d)  $m = 12$   $r^* = 6.168\%$  (")  
e)  $m = 360$   $r^* = 6.183\%$  (")

3. 
$$C_5 = $4755.03 \text{ (rounded)}$$

- 4. \$3086.45 (rounded)
- 5.  $C_0 =$ \$6661.46 (rounded)
- 6. a) r = 4.08% (rounded)
  b) r\* = 4.14% (rounded)
- 7. n = 11.58... mn = 138.98... 139 months = 11 years 7 months
- 8.  $r^{*}(A) = 8.5\%$  $r^{*}(B) = 8.3\% < 8.5\%$ Offer A is better than offer B
- 9. n = 8.92... 9 years
- 10. r = 4%
- 11. n = 5.11...mn = 20.47... 21 quarters = 5 years 3 months