

Exercises 11

Derivative

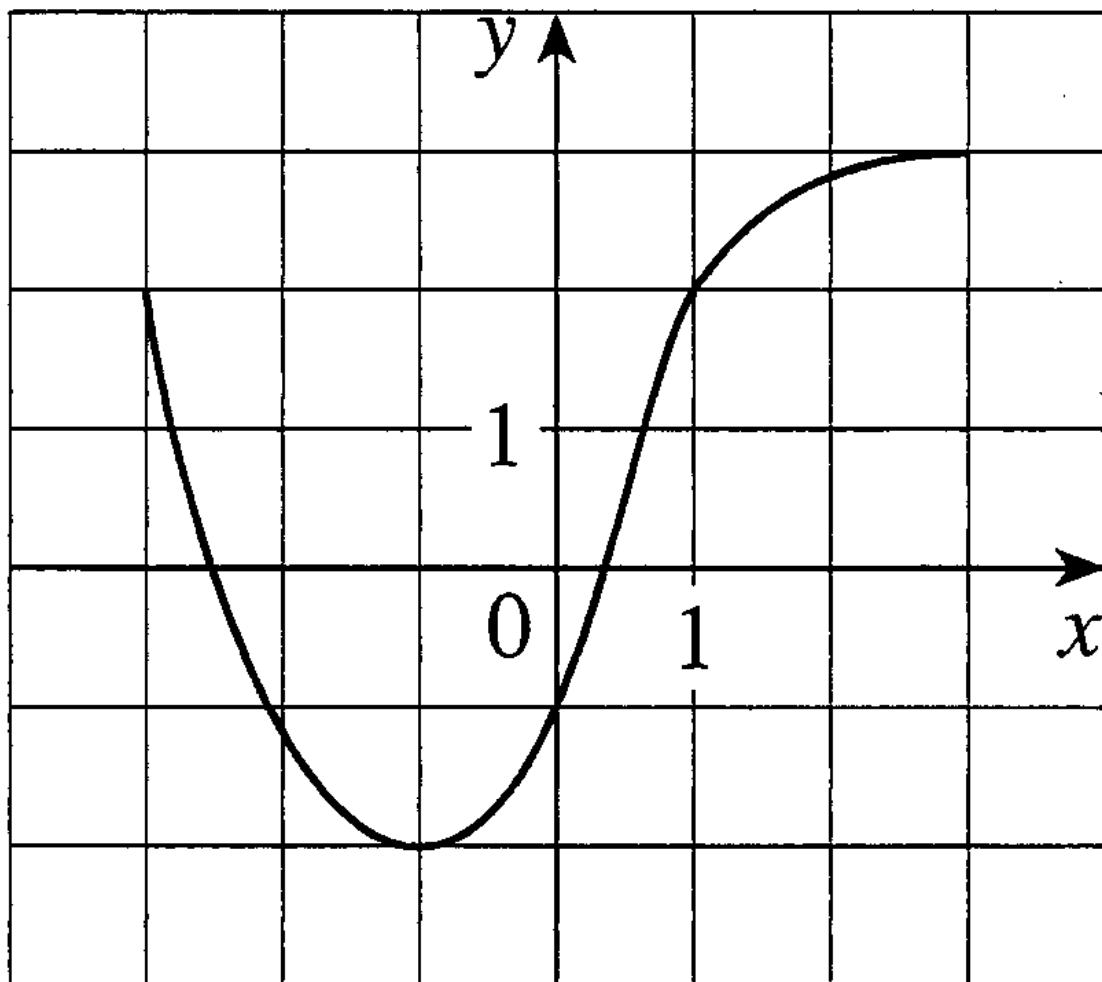
Derivative (rate of change), derivative (derived function) of constant/power/exponential functions

Objectives

- be able to estimate a derivative (rate of change) out of the graph of a function.
- be able to state the derivative (rate of change) of a constant and a linear function.
- be able to determine the derivative (derived function) of a constant and a linear function.
- be able to determine the derivative (derived function) of a basic power and a basic exponential function.
- be able to determine a derivative (rate of change) of a basic power and a basic exponential function.

Problems

11.1 The graph of a function f is given as follows:



Estimate the derivative (rate of change) $f'(x_0)$ at the given position x_0 :

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) $x_0 = -1$ | b) $x_0 = 0$ |
| c) $x_0 = 1$ | d) $x_0 = -2$ |

Hints:

- Draw the tangent to the graph of f at the given position x_0 .
- Choose any two points on the tangent, and estimate their coordinates.
- Determine the slope of the tangent out of the estimated coordinates of the two points.

11.2 For each of the following functions $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $x \mapsto y = f(x) = \dots$

- i) ... draw the graph of f .
 - ii) ... state the derivative (rate of change) $f'(x_0)$ at the given position x_0 .
- | | | |
|----|---|--------------------------|
| a) | $f(x) = 3$ | $x_0 = 2$ |
| b) | $f(x) = c$ ($c \in \mathbb{R}$) | any $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ |
| c) | $f(x) = 2x - 3$ | $x_0 = 4$ |
| d) | $f(x) = mx + q$ ($m \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$, $q \in \mathbb{R}$) | any $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ |

Hint:

- If the graph of a function f is a straight line, the derivative (rate of change) $f'(x_0)$ is the slope of that straight line, i.e. $f'(x_0)$ has the same value at each position x_0 .

11.3 Determine $f'(x)$:

- | | | | | | |
|----|----------------------|----|------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|
| a) | $f(x) = 3$ | b) | $f(x) = 0$ | c) | $f(x) = -1$ |
| d) | $f(x) = x^3$ | e) | $f(x) = x^4$ | f) | $f(x) = x^5$ |
| g) | $f(x) = x^{17}$ | h) | $f(x) = x^{200}$ | i) | $f(x) = x^{100'001}$ |
| j) | $f(x) = x^{-1}$ | k) | $f(x) = x^{-2}$ | l) | $f(x) = x^{-17}$ |
| m) | $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ | n) | $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3}$ | o) | $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^{99}}$ |
| p) | $f(x) = 3^x$ | q) | $f(x) = 5^x$ | r) | $f(x) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$ |

11.4 Determine the derivative (rate of change) $f'(x_0)$ of the function f at the indicated positions x_0 :

- | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------------|----|------------|-----|----------------------|------|----------------------|
| a) | $f(x) = x$ | i) | $x_0 = 0$ | ii) | $x_0 = 1$ | iii) | $x_0 = -2$ |
| b) | $f(x) = x^5$ | i) | $x_0 = 0$ | ii) | $x_0 = 2$ | iii) | $x_0 = -\frac{2}{3}$ |
| c) | $f(x) = x^4$ | i) | $x_0 = -1$ | ii) | $x_0 = -\frac{4}{3}$ | iii) | $x_0 = 0$ |
| d) | $f(x) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x$ | i) | $x_0 = 0$ | ii) | $x_0 = 1$ | iii) | $x_0 = -2$ |

11.5 Decide which statements are true or false. Put a mark into the corresponding box.

In each problem a) to c), exactly one statement is true.

- a) The derivative (rate of change) of a function f at the position x_0 is a ...

- ... real number.
- ... function.
- ... tangent.
- ... graph.

- b) (see next page)

b) The derivative (derived function) f' of a function f is a ...

- ... real number.
- ... function.
- ... tangent.
- ... graph.

c) $f'(x_0)$ is the slope of the ...

- ... secant through the points $(0|0)$ and $(x_0|f(x_0))$.
- ... secant through the points $(x_0+\Delta x|f(x_0+\Delta x))$ and $(x_0|f(x_0))$.
- ... tangent to the graph of f through $(x_0|f(x_0))$.
- ... tangent to the graph of f' through $(x_0|f(x_0))$.

Answers

11.1 a) $f'(-1) \approx 0$

b) $f'(0) \approx 2$

c) $f'(1) \approx \frac{3}{2}$

d) $f'(-2) \approx -\frac{5}{3}$

11.2 a) i) ...

ii) $f'(2) = 0$

b) i) ...

ii) $f'(x_0) = 0$ at any position x_0

c) i) ...

ii) $f'(4) = 2$

d) i) ...

ii) $f'(x_0) = m$ at any position x_0

11.3 a) $f'(x) = 0$

b) $f'(x) = 0$

c) $f'(x) = 0$

d) $f'(x) = 3x^2$

e) $f'(x) = 4x^3$

f) $f'(x) = 5x^4$

g) $f'(x) = 17x^{16}$

h) $f'(x) = 200x^{199}$

i) $f'(x) = 100'001x^{100'000}$

j) $f'(x) = -x^{-2}$

k) $f'(x) = -2x^{-3}$

l) $f'(x) = -17x^{-18}$

m) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$

n) $f'(x) = -\frac{3}{x^4}$

o) $f'(x) = -\frac{99}{x^{100}}$

p) $f'(x) = 3^x \ln(3)$

q) $f'(x) = 5^x \ln(5)$

r) $f'(x) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

11.4 a) $f'(x) = 1$

i) $f'(0) = 1$

ii) $f'(1) = 1$

iii) $f'(-2) = 1$

b) $f'(x) = 5x^4$

i) $f'(0) = 0$

ii) $f'(2) = 80$

iii) $f'\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{80}{81}$

c) $f'(x) = -\frac{4}{x^5}$

i) $f'(-1) = 4$

ii) $f'\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = \frac{243}{256}$

iii) $f'(0)$ is not defined
(division by zero)

d) $f'(x) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^x \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

i) $f'(0) = \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

ii) $f'(1) = \frac{2}{3} \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

iii) $f'(-2) = \frac{9}{4} \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$

11.5 a) 1st statement

b) 2nd statement

c) 3rd statement